CONPROCO                                                               STUCCO

SECTION 1  Hazardous Ingredients

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>COMPONENT</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>OSHA PEL (TWA)</th>
<th>ACGIH TLV (TWA)</th>
<th>NIOSH TWA</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Portland Cement</td>
<td>65997-15-1</td>
<td>5mg/m³</td>
<td>10mg/m³</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Silico Dioxide, Silica, Quartz</td>
<td>14808-60-7</td>
<td>10mg/m³</td>
<td>0.1mg/m³</td>
<td>0.05mg/m³</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OSHA ingredient permissible exposure limit: 18mg/m³
ACGIH ingredient TLV-TWA: 30 mppcf (10mg/m³)
Total dust: 5mg/m³
The 1974 NIOSH Criteria for a recommended Standard for Occupational Exposure to Crystalline Silica should be consulted for more detailed information.

Note: The Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) reported above are the pre-1989 limits that were reinstated by OSHA June 30, 1993 following a decision by the 11th Circuit Court of Appeals. These PEL’s are now being enforced by Federal OSHA. Be aware that more restrictive exposure limits may be enforced by some states, agencies, or other authorities.

SECTION 2  Physical Data

- pH: 1% solution (approx.) 12.0
- Flash point: > 200° F, Seta (cc)
- Vapor Pressure: NA
- Viscosity: NA
- Evaporation rate: <1 (Ether =1)
- Physical State: White or gray powder
- Odor: Mild
- Sp. Gr.: (Bulk density) 100 lbs./ft³
- % solubility (water): 1% (leaves sediment)

SECTION 3  Reactivity Data

Stable. Thermal decomposition yields oxides of Ca, S, N, Na, K and Halogens if present.

SECTION 4  Health Hazard Effects

- Skin Effects: May cause skin irritation after contact. Hypersensitive individuals may develop an Allergic dermatitis.
- Eye Effects: Severely damaging to the eyes.
- Respiratory Effects: May cause minor irritation to upper respiratory tract.
- Inhalation: Breathing silica dust may not cause noticeable injury or illness even though Permanent lung damage may be occurring. Inhalation of dust may have serious Chronic health effects including Silicosis, Cancer, Scleroderma, Tuberculosis and Nephrotoxicity.
SECTION 5 First Aid Instructions

Skin Contact  Remove contaminated clothing. Wash exposed area with a large quantity of soap solution or water for at least 15 minutes.
Eye Contact  Immediately flush with water for at least 15 minutes. Contact a physician immediately for additional treatment.
Inhalation Exposure  Remove victim from contaminated area to fresh air. Apply appropriate first aid treatment as necessary.
Ingestion  Do not feed anything by mouth to unconscious or convulsive victim. Dilute contents of stomach. Contact physician immediately.

SECTION 6 Spill, Disposal and Fire Instructions

Spill Instructions  Use dry clean up methods that do not dispense the dust into the air. Avoid breathing the Dust.
Disposal Instructions  Material can be returned to container for later use or disposed of as common waste. Any local agreement, a treatment facility, or discharged under a NPDES permit.
Fire Extinguishing Instructions  Material will not contribute to combustion. Foam or water may create a slippery condition.

SECTION 7 Special Protective Equipment

Ventilation Equipment  Adequate ventilation.
Recommended Respiratory Protection  If ventilation is inadequate or significant product exposure is likely, use a respirator with Dust/mist/fume cartridges.
Recommended Skin Protection  Rubber gloves and full coveralls.
Recommended Eye Protection  Splash proof chemical goggles.

SECTION 8 Storage and Handling Precautions

Storage Instructions  Keep in a dry environment.
Handling Instructions  Normal chemical handling.

SECTION 9 Federal Regulations

OSHA (29 CFR Sec. 1910) – Safety and Health Standards-See Section 1.
FDA (21 CFR) Ingredients authorized under – None.